

A02: People Who Inject Drugs (PWID)

Purpose of collecting these data:

People who inject drugs (PWID) are more vulnerable to the harms of drug use and this method of consumption puts them at a higher risk of contracting infectious diseases.

This module aims at measuring and understanding size and some features of the PWID population, as well as the extent of the health consequences associated with injecting drug, since this type of drug use places the user at a higher risk of contracting infectious diseases.

Items	Type	Description	Response options	Definitions / Specific instructions	Disaggregation	Metadata	Justification
Ranking and trends in injecting drug use	I	Ranking of drugs in terms of prevalence / number of PWID at the national level	1,2,3,...	Glossary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sex Age: <18, 18-24, 25-64, >65 Drug class: Opioids (heroin, non-prescription opioids, others), cocaine type, amphetamines (amphetamine, methamphetamine, other), Tranquilizers and sedatives, NPS, others 	Information on the procedure used for the qualitative assessment: specify number of experts, affiliation, method (e.g. Delphi). Primary sources used for the qualitative assessment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> national data (specify collection method) periodic government report (link) specific study (link) expert assessment other (specify) Geographical coverage: national / sub-national, specify	UNGASS: 1.o PoA: Paragraph 20, 4.d on polydrug-use, 4.i EWG: - Data on morbidity to cover drug users in general, not only PWID - Disaggregate by sex - Flexible approach so countries can report some basic info
		Trends in the prevalence of injecting drug use at the national level	Large increase, Some increase, Stable, Some decrease, Large decrease, Unknown				
New developments in injecting drug use	I	Major changes in injecting drug use: - new emerging drugs being injected recently: top 3, NPS - existing drugs that have started to be injected with higher frequency - existing drugs that are injected and how significant changes in use: increase / decrease / disappeared	Free text	Glossary	<i>Not applicable</i>		

		Other main new developments in injecting drug use: cocaine, opioids, ATS, NPS, other.	Free text				
Availability of estimates on PWID and prevalence of infectious diseases	I	Availability of estimates on total PWID	Yes, no, unknown	If there is availability, then continue. Otherwise go to the part on Type I information on infectious diseases.	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>	
		Availability of estimates on prevalence of infectious diseases in the country	Yes, no, unknown	Glossary			
Estimates of total number of PWID	II	Prevalence of injecting drug use.	Statistical data	Definition: "Injecting use over a reference period of any psychoactive substance(s) not according to medical prescription"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sex Age: <18, 18-24, 25-64 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Geographic coverage: national vs subnational, # provinces / states / cities Reference Age Group (preferred 15-64) Prevalence reference period: 12 months (preferred), 6 months, 3 months, 1 month, other Drug types covered in the estimates: opioids, cocaine, ATS, NPS, other 	
	III	Prevalence of injecting drug use, by drug type	Statistical data		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drug type (<i>adapted version of list L1 on drug classes and types for prevalence related questions</i>) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimation Method: Survey statistical estimate, CRC, Network scale up, MB, other Sources of information: household drug use surveys, other surveys (specify), data from registries (specify: treatment, police, hospital records, needle and syringe programs, other), 	

						integrated bio-behavioural studies / surveys (link), other studies (link), consensus estimate (describe), other (specify)	
Trends on infectious diseases among drug users	I	Trends in prevalence of infectious diseases among defined population	Large increase, some increase, stable, some decrease, large decrease, unknown	Glossary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Infectious disease: HIV, HCV, HBV, TB • Type of user: all drug users, PWID, non-injecting drug users 	Information on the procedure used for the qualitative assessment: specify number of experts, affiliation, method (e.g. Delphi).	
New developments in infectious diseases among drug users	I	Recent outbreaks of infectious diseases among PWID: HIV, HCV, HBV, TB, other. Location of outbreaks. Brief description.	Free text	Glossary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type of user: all drug users, PWID, non-injecting drug users 	<p>Primary sources used for the qualitative assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • national data (specify collection method) • periodic government report (link) • specific study (link) • expert assessment • other (specify) 	
Prevalence of HIV, HCV, HBV, TB among PWID and non-injecting drug users	II	Estimates of prevalence of each of the 4 infectious diseases	Statistical data	Glossary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type of user: all drug users, PWID, non-injecting drug users • Sex • Age: <18, 18-24, 25-64 	<p>- Sample size</p> <p>- Reference period</p> <p>- Geographic coverage: national vs subnational, # provinces / states / cities</p> <p>- Reference Age Group (preferred 15-64)</p> <p>- Definition of PWID: drugs covered, reference period</p> <p>- Estimation Method and Source: Seroprevalence study (one site, multi-site), Registration or</p>	

						notification of cases, Prevalence study using self-reports, other (specify) - Please provide links to studies
Newly diagnosed HIV cases among PWID	III	Number of newly diagnosed HIV cases among PWID during reference period.	Statistical data	Glossary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sex Age: <18, 18-24, 25-64, >65 	- Geographic coverage: national vs subnational, # provinces / states / cities - Reference Age Group (preferred 15-64) - Source: hospital records, registry, other
		Number of newly diagnosed HIV cases among PWID for the last 5 years, time series.	Statistical data			
Injecting drug use among specific groups of the population	III	Availability of information on injecting drug use among specific groups of the population	Free text	Glossary	Specific groups: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> sex workers prison population homeless other (specify) 	Information on the procedure used for the qualitative assessment: specify number of experts, affiliation, method (e.g. Delphi). Primary sources used for the qualitative assessment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> national data (specify collection method) periodic government report (link) specific study (link) expert assessment other (specify)
		Level of prevalence per group	Higher, Same, Lower than general population			
		Primary injected drug among each specific group.	Free text			
		Details on new developments in injecting drug use among people in specific groups.	Free text			
Availability of studies / research / surveys	III	Link to any studies, reports, surveys or other research on injecting drug use and/or PWID in your country over the last 5 years	Provide link		<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>