

R03: Core treatment services

Purpose of collecting these data:

This module aims at providing information on the national coverage and quality of treatment services. Information is collected on the extent of treatment facilities available in the country, the type of services provided (by setting/modality and specific types of services provided) and accessibility and affordability of drug demand treatment services.

Item	Type	Description	Response options	Definitions / Specific instructions	Disaggregation	Metadata	Justifications
Ranking and trends in the provision of treatment services	I	Ranking of drug treatment facilities which are most common in terms of the provision of specific treatment services in the country	1,2,3,...	Glossary	Specific groups according to the treatment service type and setting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • outpatient units <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - specialised outpatient treatment unit - low-threshold unit - general mental healthcare unit - general (primary) healthcare unit - other outpatient unit (specify) • inpatient units <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - hospital-based residential treatment unit 	Information on the procedure used for the qualitative assessment: specify number of experts, affiliation, method (e.g. Delphi). Primary sources used for the qualitative assessment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • national data (specify collection method) • periodic government report (link) • specific study (link) • expert assessment 	PoA: 4a, 4c, 10a-c, 14a (also sub-population groups), 15 (services in prisons), 16 (treatment as alternative to incarceration), 21, 32b, 38b-c UNGASS: 2a, 2b, 4c, 4m (prisons) EWG: Experts highlighted the need for:

		Trends in the provision of drug treatment: change in the number of facilities supplying treatment services relative to the last reporting	Large increase, Some increase, Stable, Some decrease, Large decrease, Unknown		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - non-hospital-based residential treatment unit - therapeutic community unit - other inpatient unit (specify) - specialised social reintegration unit/aftercare unit - others (specify) <p>Sources: <i>WHO/UNODC Substance use disorder treatment facility survey and EMCDDA facility survey</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • other (specify) <p>Geographical coverage of the assessment: National / Sub-national, specify</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • improved measurement of quality and coverage of prevention and treatment services, the development of an information system that is able to measure the impact rather than only the processes • Disaggregating data between national and subnational level • Rotating module with information on coverage and availability and an annual more detailed module
New developments	I	Specification of changes that might have occurred since the last reporting in terms of the supply of treatment facilities, e.g.: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • major increase or decrease in the number of facilities, • changes in budget allocation, • changes in the distribution of services nationally and sub-nationally, • other new developments 	Free text	New developments by service to be provided but if such detailed information is not available, a summary can be provided.	Treatment service type by setting		
Qualitative assessment	I	Coverage: number of facilities relative to existing the need	Adequate to the demand, Existent but not adequate, Not existent	Glossary	Treatment service type by setting		
Affiliation	I	Affiliation of treatment facilities: Institution responsible for the transfer (management) of	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ministry of Health - Ministry of Social Services - Ministry of Drug Control 	Glossary	<i>Not applicable</i>		

		public resources provided to treatment facilities (%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ministry of Justice - Ministry of Interior - Ministry of Education - Local budget (e.g. city) - Public health insurance - Private health insurance - International Organization - Other (to be specified) - Unknown <p>Source: WHO UNODC Facility Survey</p>				
Impediments to the provision of treatment services	I	Ranking of main constraints hindering efforts of treatment services in the country by order of importance	1,2,3,...	Glossary	<p>Type of constraint</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Legal framework • Availability of trained Personnel • Infrastructure and supplies (building, equipment, medicines) • Linkages with support services • Other (specify) 	<p>Information on the procedure used for the qualitative assessment: specify number of experts, affiliation, method (e.g. Delphi).</p> <p>Primary sources used for the qualitative assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • national data (specify collection method) • periodic government report (link) • specific study (link) • expert assessment • other (specify) <p>Geographical coverage of the assessment: National / Sub-national, specify</p>	

Availability of data on treatment facilities	I	Availability of data on treatment facilities	Yes, no, unknown	If the answer is NO, respondent proceeds to the next topic	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>	
Information on the number of facilities	II	Number of facilities, beds and clients during the reporting period, by type of facility	Statistical data	<p>A <i>facility</i> is a separate organisational entity (a medical centre, a department, a programme, etc.) that has its own defined objectives, procedures, rules and scope of services and interventions, its own target group(s), and a team and manager (team leader). These facilities can be stand-alone (e.g. national addiction treatment centres) or integrated with other health care centres, clinics or dispensaries (such as general health care or mental health centres or hospitals).</p> <p>Instruction</p> <p>Preferably, the respondent should provide data for the number of facilities as well as beds and clients but if all the information is not available, there is an option to specify which is available.</p> <p><i>Source: WHO/UNODC Substance use disorder treatment facility survey</i></p> <p><u>Capacity</u> <u>Facilities by type of institution</u> <u>Outpatient:</u> facilities where treatment services are provided without admission for overnight stay; <u>Inpatient:</u> facilities that provide treatment services while the</p>	<p>Type of facility and services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient units <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Specialised outpatient treatment services - Low-threshold services - General mental healthcare services - General (primary) healthcare services - Other outpatient services (specify) • Inpatient units <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hospital-based residential treatment services - Non-hospital-based residential treatment services - Therapeutic community services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Specialised social reintegration unit/aftercare services - Other outpatient services (specify) <p>For patients (clients):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sex • Age: <18, 18-24, 25-64, >65 	<p>Counting unit</p> <p>Geographical coverage: National / sub-national (space for specification)</p> <p>Year of estimate (preferably the last completed calendar year-January to December of a given year)</p> <p>Data source registries and/or reports</p> <p>Expert opinion: Evaluation of the reported figures relative to the total number of people in treatment</p> <p>Low <=25% Medium 25-75% High =>75 %</p>	

				<p>patient is admitted and stays overnight.</p> <p><u>Number of beds for treating substance use disorders</u></p> <p>number of available beds for clients in inpatient/residential treatment. At centres where sleeping arrangements are less formal (e.g. mats or blankets spread on the floor), the treatment program can count the maximum number of individuals that could safely spend a night at the facility, as 'bed' is understood to be a measure of sleeping capacity.</p> <p>For definitions of types services, refer to <i>EMCDDA and WHO UNODC Facility survey</i>.</p> <p>Instruction:</p> <p>The number of beds is to be provided for in-patient centres only.</p>			
		Number of beds and clients by type of services provided within treatment facilities during the reference year	<p>Statistical data or qualitative assessment</p> <p>Adequacy: Adequate to the demand, Existent but not adequate, Not existent</p>	For each an option for a qualitative assessment is to be provided (to be filled in when data is not available, but an expert assessment is possible)	Number of beds and patients/clients by on-site service availability: a.) management of withdrawal (detoxification) b.) opioids agonist maintenance (methadone or buprenorphine) c.) psychosocial support d.) naloxone overdose management;		

					e.) income generation/vocational training; f.) housing/shelter support; g.) low threshold services-outreach or drop-in; h.) Other-to be specified • Sex • Location (rural, urban)		
Availability of palliative care	II	Existence of palliative care as part of treatment services in treatment facilities	Yes, no, unknown	Glossary	Location: •hospital •community •home •other (specify) •not specified •not-known		
		Percentage of reported treatment facilities which provide palliative care	Statistical data				
Funding of treatment facilities	I	Trend in funding of treatment facilities compared to the previous reporting period	Large increase, Some increase, Stable, Some decrease, Large decrease, Unknown	Glossary	<i>Not applicable</i>	Geographical coverage: national / sub-national, specify	

	II	Source of funding for most treatment facilities	Public, Private, Mixed	<p><u>Public (government):</u> treatment centres financed by government (national, regional, local) funds only (includes NGOs funded only by public funds)-use of taxes or national health insurance contributions; <u>privately financed centres (for profit and not-for profit only):</u> contribution of clients and private donors only (also companies or organizations that pay it from employer private contribution schemes matched with the company's or organization's contribution) and it includes NGO centres with private funds only; <u>centres with mixed financing:</u> includes a combination of the latter two and NGO centres funded by both private and governmental (public) funds and includes funding by international organisations and Global Fund Financing-institution that fights AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria (https://www.theglobalfund.org/en/)</p>	Not applicable		
--	----	---	------------------------	---	----------------	--	--

		Source of funding for patients to afford treatment	-Public insurance -Private insurance -Patients and/or their families -Government (free to patients) -Non-governmental organizations (free to patients)	Glossary			
		Number and/or percentage of facilities by type of treatment provision (institution providing treatment). An option to tick boxes is to be provided	Statistical data	Type of provision of services: <u>Public/Government</u> : Select if the facility is part of the public health care system, run by the government. <u>Non-government for profit (private)</u> : Select if the facility is run by a for-profit company, whether publicly listed or privately held. <u>Non-government not-for-profit (NGO)</u> : Select if the facility is a not-for-profit organization, or social enterprise	Type of provision: - Public / Government - Non-government for profit - Non-government not for profit Source of funding: - Public - Private - Mixed	Geographical coverage: national / sub-national, specify % of all facilities	
Availability of studies / research / surveys	III	Link to any studies, reports, surveys or other research on drug use (including poly-drug use) in the general population, and/or within specific groups of people in	Provide link		<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>	

		vulnerable situations in your country in the last 5 years					
--	--	---	--	--	--	--	--